

Clipping Tips



andis®

Clipping Tips

- Bathe your horse with soap and water to remove dirt and dander. Make sure the coat is completely dry before starting to clip.
- If you can't bathe your horse, try grooming thoroughly. Use a curry comb or long nylon mane comb to loosen the dirt and dander that is deep in the coat.
- If you are clipping a specific pattern, use a dry bar of soap to outline the pattern first. This will help make the pattern more uniform, as compared to clipping the pattern freehand.
- Use sharp blades. Dull blades leave hair and can cause irritation. Always clip your pattern lines at the start of your clipping job to ensure you are removing the correct hair. Oiling regularly will prolong the blade life and help keep the blade cool and clean. Look for missing teeth and poor blade alignment which usually happen after the blade is dropped. Alignment should be adjusted and blades with missing teeth should be replaced.
- Keep your horse still while you clip. You can't clip a straight line on a moving target. Consider having someone help by holding your horse.
- Keep your work area dry and clutter-free.
- If you are working on a concrete surface, rubber mats will prevent the horse from slipping.

Choose the Right Andis® Blade

Use the right size blade for the job. Change your blades for closer cuts such as trimming whiskers or bridle paths, or for longer cuts such as trace clips.

For Full Body Clipping



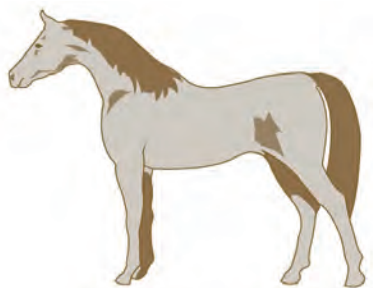
For Legs, Bridle Path and Fetlocks



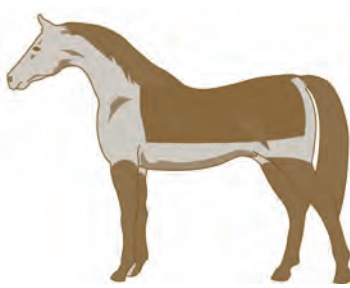
For Face, Ears, Muzzle and Whiskers



Full Body Clip



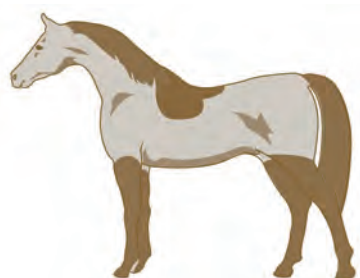
Blanket Clip



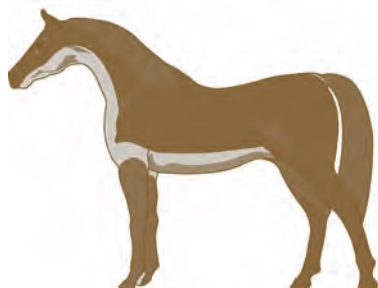
Strip Clip



Hunter Clip



Low Trace Clip



High Trace Clip

